(c) Immunisation, control of Acute Respiratory Diseases and Diarrhocal Diseases, Essential newborn care, prophylaxis against Vitamin A Deficiency and Iron Deficiency, Anaemia are being implemented to bring down Infant and child Mortality.

Doctor-population ratio in India

1092. SHRI E. BALANANDAN:
SHRI S. RAMACHANDRAN PILLA1:

Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) what was the doctor-population ratio from First Five Year Plan to Eighth Five Ycal Plan;

(a) the hospital-population ratio for the same period; and

(b) the ratio between doctors, nurses and patients in India and developing countries?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI DALIT EZHILMALAI): (a) and (b) According to the statistics maintained by the Central Bureau of Health Intelligence, the number of medical Practitioners per lakh population, and the number of Hospitals per ten lakh population are indicated at Statcmcnt-I and Statements-II respectively *(see below).*

(c) According to the Medical Council of India, the Doctor-Population ratio for allopathy Doctors is about 1:1980 and of Doctors to Nurses is 1:1.17. Doctor-Patient ratio, is not available.

A statement showing number of Medical and Nursing Personnel per lakh population in selected developing Countries is at Statement-Ill.

Statcmcnt-I

No. of medical practitioners registered with medical council of India alongwith ratio

Year	Medical practitioners registered with medical council of India (00)	Medical practitioners per 100000 population
1951	618	17
1961	837	21
1971	1511	27
1981	2687	39
1982	2715	38
1983	2842	39
1984	2965	40
1985	3082	41
1986	3203	41
1987	3318	42
1988	3556	44
1989	3686	46
1990	3819	46
1991	3940	47
1992	4108	48
1993	3793	44
1994	3912	44
1995	4052	45
1996	3601*	39*

SOURCE: Medical council of India

Doctors registered with various state medical councils

*Variation in ratio due to nonavailability of figures from some of the State Medical Councils.

Statemcnt-II

Number of Hospital per 10 lakh population

Years (As on 31st Dec.)	Number of Hospitals	Number of Hospitals (per 1000000 population)
1951	2694	7
1961	3054	7
1971	3862	7

Years (As on 31st Dec.)	Number of Hospitals	Number of Hospitals (per 1000000 population)
1981	6804	10
1982	6897	10
1983	7189	10
1984	7369	10
1985	7474	10
1986	8067	10
1987	9803	12
1988	10840	13
1989	11079	13
1990	11571	13
1991	11174	13
1992	13692	16

Statement-Ill

Medical and nursing personnel in selected developing countries

Country	Year	Physicians	Nurses/Nurse-Midwives	Midwives & Auxiliary Nurses/ Nurse-Midwives
		Number	per 100,000 population	
Bangladesh	1994	18.1	7.7	Not available
India	1991	48(1992)	40.2	19.8
Indonesia	1993	11.6	64.6	Not available
Maldives	1993	18.9	13.0	51.2
Myanmar	1994-95	28.4	22.4	23.7
Nepal	1995	5.3	5.4	6.4
Sri Lanka	1994	22.7	73.8	37.0
Thailand	1993	23.5	80.4	87.6

SOURCE: Regional Health Report, 1996

Appointment of the Director of Central Drugs Standard Control Organisation (South Zone)

1093. SHRI S. PETER ALPHONSE: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the Central Drugs standard Control Organisation (South Zone) is being kept without a Director for the last six months;

(b) if so, the reasons therefor; and

(c) by when Government propose to appoint a person to head this organisation?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMI LY WELFARE (SHRI DALIT EZHIL-MALAI): (a) and (b) There is not sanc tioned post of Director for Central Drug Standard Control Organisation (CDSCO), South Zone. It is headed by a